

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 07-Dec-2009 Revision Date 11-Oct-2023 Revision Number 8

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: 1-Propanephosphonic acid cyclic anhydride, 50 wt.% solution in dimethylformamide

Cat No.: 429110000; 429111000

Molecular Formula C9 H21 O6 P3

Unique Formula Identifier (UFI) 4DW7-7U7Q-XW0W-5KCF

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

UK entity/business name Fisher Scientific UK

Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road,

Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

EU entity/business name Thermo Fisher Scientific

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

Poison Centre - Emergency information services

Ireland : National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC) -

01 809 2166 (8am-10pm, 7 days a week)

Malta: +356 2395 2000 Cyprus: +357 2240 5611

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 3 (H226)

1-Propanephosphonic acid cyclic anhydride, 50 wt.% solution in dimethylformamide

Revision Date 11-Oct-2023

Health hazards

Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors Skin Corrosion/Irritation Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Reproductive Toxicity Category 4 (H332) Category 1 B (H314) Category 1 (H318) Category 1B (H360D)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H360D - May damage the unborn child

Precautionary Statements

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Additional EU labelling

Restricted to professional users

2.3. Other hazards

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
1-Propanephosphonic acid cyclic anhydride	68957-94-8	422-210-5	50	Skin Corr. 1B (H314)

1-Propanephosphonic acid cyclic anhydride, 50 wt.% solution in dimethylformamide

				Eye Dam. 1 (H318)
Dimethylformamide	68-12-2	200-679-5	50	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226)
				Acute Tox. 4 (H312)
				Acute Tox. 4 (H332)
				Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)
				Repr. 1B (H360D)

Components	Reach Registration Number	
1-Propanephosphonic acid cyclic anhydride	01-0000016872-65	
Dimethylformamide	01-2119475605-32	

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the

substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required. If

not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Difficulty in breathing. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Containers may explode when heated. Flammable. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Revision Date 11-Oct-2023

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Oxides of phosphorus.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe (dust, vapor, mist, gas). Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Corrosives area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 3 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Dimethylformamide	STEL: 10 ppm 15 min	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ (8h)	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15 min	TWA: 5 ppm (8h)	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hr.
	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr	Skin	STEL: 10 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hr		STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15 min
	Skin		Skin
		STEL: 10 ppm (15min)	
		STEL: 30 mg/m ³ (15min)	
		STEL: 30 mg/m ³ (8h)	
		STEL: 10 ppm (8h)	

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local	Acute effects	Chronic effects local	Chronic effects
	(Dermal)	systemic (Dermal)	(Dermal)	systemic (Dermal)
1-Propanephosphonic acid cyclic anhydride 68957-94-8 (50)				DNEL = 0.5833mg/kg bw/day
Dimethylformamide 68-12-2 (50)	DNEL = 5900µg/cm2	DNEL = 26.3mg/kg/day	DNEL = 446µg/cm2	DNEL = 1.1mg/kg/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
1-Propanephosphonic acid cyclic anhydride 68957-94-8 (50)				DNEL = 1.0208mg/m ³
Dimethylformamide 68-12-2 (50)	DNEL = 30mg/m ³	DNEL = 30mg/m ³	DNEL = 15mg/m ³	DNEL = 6mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
1-Propanephosphonic acid	PNEC = 0.1mg/L	PNEC =	PNEC = 1mg/L	PNEC = 100mg/L	PNEC =
cyclic anhydride		0.464mg/kg		_	0.034mg/kg soil dw
68957-94-8 (50)		sediment dw			
Dimethylformamide	PNEC = 30mg/L	PNEC =	PNEC = 30mg/L	PNEC = 123mg/L	PNEC =
68-12-2 (50)	-	115.18mg/kg		-	56.97mg/kg soil dw
·		sediment dw			

	Component	Marine water	Marine water	Marine water	Food chain	Air
- 1	o o p o o	inainio mator	mainio maioi	mainio mator	. oou onum	,
- 1			sediment	intermittent		
			Sediment	micimiliem		

1-Propanephosphonic acid cyclic anhydride, 50 wt.% solution in dimethylformamide

Revision Date 11-Oct-2023

1-Propanephosphonic acid	PNEC = 0.01mg/L	PNEC =	PNEC = 1mg/L	
cyclic anhydride		0.0464mg/kg		
68957-94-8 (50)		sediment dw		
Dimethylformamide	PNEC = 3mg/L	PNEC =		
68-12-2 (50)		11.52mg/kg		
		sediment dw		

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Natural rubber	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
Butyl rubber	recommendations			
Nitrile rubber				
Neoprene				
PVC				

Skin and body protection

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 Acid gases filter Type

E Yellow conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

1-Propanephosphonic acid cyclic anhydride, 50 wt.% solution in dimethylformamide

Revision Date 11-Oct-2023

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Yellow

Odor
Odor
No information available
No data available
Melting Point/Range
No data available
153 °C / 307.4 °F

Flammability (liquid) Flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits Lower 2.2 vol%

Upper 16.8 vol%

Flash Point 56 °C / 132 °F Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature340 °C / 644 °FDecomposition TemperatureNo data availablepHNo information availableViscosityNo data available

Water Solubility Miscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)
Component log Pow
1-Propanephosphonic acid cyclic 0.49

anhydride

Dimethylformamide -1.028

Vapor Pressure No data available

Density / Specific Gravity 1.090

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor DensityNo data available(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula C9 H21 O6 P3 Molecular Weight 318.18

Explosive Properties explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Moisture sensitive.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous ReactionsNone under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition. Exposure to moist air or water.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Oxides of phosphorus.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met **Dermal** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Inhalation Category 4

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
1-Propanephosphonic acid cyclic anhydride	-	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	-
Dimethylformamide	3040 mg/kg (Rat)	1500 mg/kg (Rabbit) 3.2 g/kg (Rat)	>5.58 mg/L/4h (Rat)

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

No data available Respiratory Skin No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Dimethylformamide	Guinea Pig Maximisation Test	guinea pig	 non-sensitising
68-12-2 (50)	(GPMT)		-

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Dimethylformamide				Group 2A

(g) reproductive toxicity; Category 1B

Developmental Effects May cause harm to the unborn child.

(h) STOT-single exposure; No data available

No data available (i) STOT-repeated exposure;

No information available. **Target Organs**

No data available (j) aspiration hazard;

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of

perforation.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects

Freshwater Fish Water Flea Freshwater Algae Component EC50 > 100 mgL/48h 1-Propanephosphonic acid cyclic anhydride Brachydanio rerio: LC50 > 100 mg/L/96h Dimethylformamide Pimephales promelas: LC50 = EC50 = 7500 mg/L/48h EC50 = 7500 mg/L/96h 10.6 g/L/96h Onchorhynchus mykiss: LC50 = 9.8 g/L/96h Lepomis macrochirus: LC50 = 6.3 g/L/96h

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Dimethylformamide	EC50 = 2000 mg/L 5 min	
· ·	EC50 = 570 mg/L 240 h	

12.2. Persistence and degradability Not readily biodegradable

Persistence Miscible with water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Component	Degradability
Dimethylformamide	100 % (OECD 301E (21d))
68-12-2 (50)	

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
1-Propanephosphonic acid cyclic anhydride	0.49	No data available
Dimethylformamide	-1.028	0.3 - 1.2 L/kg

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems. Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Component	EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances
Dimethylformamide	Group III Chemical	

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant
Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

1-Propanephosphonic acid cyclic anhydride, 50 wt.% solution in dimethylformamide

Revision Date 11-Oct-2023

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC)

According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN2920

14.2. UN proper shipping name Corrosive liquid, flammable, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name

1-Propanephosphonic acid cyclic anhydride

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3
14.4. Packing group II

ADR

14.1. UN number UN2920

14.2. UN proper shipping name Corrosive liquid, flammable, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name 1-Propanephosphonic acid cyclic anhydride

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)8Subsidiary Hazard Class314.4. Packing groupII

IATA

14.1. UN number UN2920

14.2. UN proper shipping name Corrosive liquid, flammable, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name
1-Propanephosphonic acid cyclic anhydride
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
8

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)8Subsidiary Hazard Class314.4. Packing groupII

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk Not applicable, packaged goods according to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
1-Propanephosphonic acid cyclic	68957-94-8	-	422-210-5	-	-	X	2011-3-51		Х
anhydride							38		
Dimethylformamide	68-12-2	200-679-5	-	-	Х	X	KE-11411	X	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
1-Propanephosphonic acid cyclic anhydride	68957-94-8	-	-	Х	-	-	-	-
Dimethylformamide	68-12-2	Χ	ACTIVE	Χ		Χ	Х	Χ

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
1-Propanephosphonic acid cyclic anhydride	68957-94-8	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Dimethylformamide	68-12-2	-	Use restricted. See item 72. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 30. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 76. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 76. (see link for restriction details)	SVHC Candidate list - (Toxic to Reproduction, Article 57c)

After the sunset date the use of this substance requires either an authorization or can only be used for exempted uses, e.g. use in scientific research and development which includes routine analytics or use as intermediate.

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/authorisation-list https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach https://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -
		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
1-Propanephosphonic acid	68957-94-8	Not applicable	Not applicable

1-Propanephosphonic acid cyclic anhydride, 50 wt.% solution in dimethylformamide

Revision Date 11-Oct-2023

cyclic anhydride			
Dimethylformamide	68-12-2	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)?

Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Dir 92/85/EC on the protection of pregnant and breastfeeding women at work

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 2 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
1-Propanephosphonic acid cyclic	WGK1	
anhydride		
Dimethylformamide	WGK 2	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Dimethylformamide	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H360D - May damage the unborn child

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

Substances List **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

1-Propanephosphonic acid cyclic anhydride, 50 wt.% solution in dimethylformamide

Revision Date 11-Oct-2023

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air

Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data **Health Hazards** Calculation method **Environmental hazards** Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

07-Dec-2009 **Creation Date Revision Date** 11-Oct-2023 **Revision Summary** Not applicable.

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet